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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/581,210 | 06/01/2006 | Kenichiro Ota | 062485 | 3740 |
| 38834 7590 06/23/2009 WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP 1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | KHOSRAVIANI, ARMAN | |
| SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20036 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2818 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 06/23/2009 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/581,210 | OTA ET AL. | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | |
| | Arman Khosraviani | 2818 | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet with the o | correspondence address | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D/ - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tilused and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | |
| Status | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Ju | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2 and 6-9 is/are pending in the appl 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2 and 6-9 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | vn from consideration. | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine | epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | ate | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 6/15/2009 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments filed 5/13/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Amended Independent claims 1, 6, and 8 recite the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed and does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987).
- 3. In regards to distinguishing between battery or cell and fuel cell.

A battery or cell is a container filled with substances that produce an electric current by chemical action.

A fuel cell is an electrochemical conversion device, which produces electricity from converting chemical energy through a chemical action.

In giving claim 8, the broadest reasonable interpretation then one would arrive at a cell or battery being an electrochemical conversion device producing electricity from

chemical action. With this interpretation in mind, we arrive at the same definition or function of a fuel cell which is an electrochemical conversion device, which produces electricity from converting chemical energy through a chemical action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 1, 6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Deng et al. (US 5,980,977).

Regarding claims 1 and 6 (which recite identical limitations), a system, comprising: an electrode (col. 7, II. 56-67, col. 26, II. 41-54) including a metal oxynitride electrode catalyst comprising an oxynitride containing at least one transition metal element selected from the group consisting of La, Ta, Nb, Ti, and Zr, wherein atomic ratio of (transition metal element):(oxygen):(nitrogen) is (1±0.1):(1±0.1):(1±0.1) (column 12, line 48 – column 13, line 3); and an acidic electrolyte contacting said metal oxynitride electrode catalyst; (col. 22, II. 46-56), and electric power source connected to said electrode (col. 14, II. 32-36).

The limitation "wherein said metal oxynitride electrode catalyst having an oxygen reduction catalytic activity at a potential of 0.4 V or higher relative to the reversible hydrogen electrode potential in the acidic electrolyte" is merely a functional/intended use limitation that does not structurally distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural

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difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. See In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Moreover, it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

Therefore, the phrase "having an oxygen reduction catalytic activity at a potential of 0.4 V or higher relative to the reversible hydrogen electrode potential in the acidic electrolyte" is thus non-limiting.

The statement "A water electrolysis system" is a statement reciting the purpose or intended use of the structural limitations, and therefore do not impart patentable weight to the device above. This rationale is further support by applicant's disclosure, which states the fields of use for the invention (¶ 29). See Ex Parte Masham, USPQ2d 1647, also MPEP 2111.02 (II).

The statement "An organic electrolysis system" is a statement reciting the purpose or intended use of the structural limitations, and therefore do not impart patentable weight to the device above. This rationale is further support by applicant's disclosure, which states the fields of use for the invention (¶ 29). See Ex Parte Masham, USPQ2d 1647, also MPEP 2111.02 (II).

Regarding claim 8, Deng further teaches a membrane electrolyte assembly (e.g. Figures 3-4; col. 3, II. 22-36, col. 23, II. 2-19); and a collector 160/160A (col. 14, II. 32-36, col. 25, II. 36-43) for collecting electricity, said collecter being disposed on both sides of said membrane electrolyte aseembly, wherein said membrane assembly comprising: an electrode (col. 7, II. 56-67, col. 26, II. 41-54) including a metal oxynitride electrode catalyst comprising an oxynitride containing at least one transition metal element selected from the group consisting of La, Ta, Nb, Ti, and Zr, wherein atomic ratio of (transition metal element):(oxygen):(nitrogen) is (1±0.1):(1±0.1):(1±0.1) (column 12, line 48 – column 13, line 3); and an acidic electrolyte contacting said metal oxynitride electrode catalyst; (col. 22, II. 46-56), and electric power source connected to said electrode (col. 14, II. 32-36).

The limitation "wherein said metal oxynitride electrode catalyst having an oxygen reduction catalytic activity at a potential of 0.4 V or higher relative to the reversible hydrogen electrode potential in the acidic electrolyte" is merely a functional/intended use limitation that does not structurally distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. See In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 939, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Moreover, it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the

claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

Therefore, the phrase "having an oxygen reduction catalytic activity at a potential of 0.4 V or higher relative to the reversible hydrogen electrode potential in the acidic electrolyte" is thus non-limiting.

The statement "A fuel cell" is a statement reciting the purpose or intended use of the structural limitations, and therefore do not impart patentable weight to the device above. This rationale is further support by applicant's disclosure, which states the fields of use for the invention (¶ 29). See Ex Parte Masham, USPQ2d 1647, also MPEP 2111.02 (II).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 7. Claims 2, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Deng et al. (US 5,980,977) in view of Clerc et al. (US 6,190,802).

Regarding claims 2, 7, and 9 (which recite identical limitations), Deng fails to teach the metal oxynitride electrode catalyst is dispersed as fine particles on a catalyst carrier which is an electronically conductive powder.

However, Clerc teaches (col. 2, II. 54-67, and col. 3, II. 1-41) the metal oxynitride electrode catalyst (dopants) is dispersed as fine particles on a catalyst carrier which is an electronically conductive powder (col. 3, II. 23-41).

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Since both Clerc and Deng teach the device above, it would have been obvious to have incorporated the above features of Clerc in Deng for the benefit of increasing the electrical conductivity of the device (col. 3, Id.).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arman Khosraviani whose telephone number is 571-272-6402. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday, 8am - 5pm (Eastern Time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Loke can be reached on 571-272-1657. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Arman Khosraviani/

Examiner, Art Unit 2818

6/23/2009

/STEVEN LOKE/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2818